# ELKS: THE EIFFEL LIBRARY KERNEL STANDARD 

## VINTAGE 95

(Also: vintage 98, Revision 0)

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The present text is version 9, 26 July 1998. It is not really a new version since the technical content is identical to version 8 . The purposes of this revision are:

- To provide a PDF version (earlier releases were available on paper and in Postscript).
- To perform text formating changes, taking advantage of color and circumventing a catastrophic bug of Adobe FrameMaker 5.5.
- To update addresses (mostly on the present page).
- Most importantly, to prepare for ELKS 98. As a working document this can thus be considered as revision 0 of ELKS 98.


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## 0 INTRODUCTION

[This introduction is not part of the Standard.]

## 0.1

To favor the interoperability between implementations of Eiffel, it is necessary, along with a precise definition of the language, to have a well-defined set of libraries covering needs that are likely to arise in most applications. This library is known in Eiffel as the Kernel Library.

## 0.2

The present document defines a standard for the Kernel Library. If an Eiffel implementation satisfies this Standard - under the precise definition of Kernel Compatibility given in section 2.2 - it will be able to handle properly any Eiffel system whose use of the Kernel Library only assumes the library properties defined in this Standard.

## 0.3

The Eiffel Library standardization process, as described in Appendix A of the present document, is based on a dynamic view which, in the spirit of Eiffel's own "feature obsolescence" mechanism, recognizes the need to support evolution while preserving the technology investment of Eiffel users. One of the consequences of this dynamic view is to define vintages corresponding to successive improvements of the Standard. The present document describes Vintage 95, valid for the calendar year 1995.

## 1 CONTENTS OF THIS STANDARD

### 1.1 Definition: this Standard

The Eiffel Kernel Library Standard, denoted in the present document by the phrase "this Standard", is made up of the contents of sections 1 to 5 of the present document, with the exception of elements appearing between square brackets [...] which are comments.
[As a result of the preceding definition the following elements are not part of this Standard: section 0, the table of contents, Appendix A in section 6 (the Kernel Library Standardization process), Appendix B in section 7 (list of differences), the Index in section 8 , and elements playing a pure typesetting role such as page headers.]

### 1.2 Scope of this Standard

This Standard defines a number of library-related conditions that an Eiffel implementation must satisfy. These conditions affect a set of classes known as the kernel library. An implementation that satisfies the conditions described in this Standard will be said to be kernel-compatible, a phrase that is abbreviated in this Standard as just "compatible".
[In other contexts it may be preferable to use the full phrase, since the compatibility of an Eiffel implementation also involves other aspects, such as language compatibility.]
[The terms "compatibility" and "compatible" may be felt to be less clear than "conformance" and "conformant". The former are used here, however, since talking about conformance might cause confusions with the Eiffel notion of a type conforming to another.]

### 1.3 Other documents

The phrase Eiffel: The Language as used in this Standard refers to the second printing of the book Eiffel: The Language, Prentice Hall, 1992, ISBN 0-13-245-925-7.
For the purposes of this Standard, the definition of the Eiffel language is the definition given by Eiffel: The Language.
In case of contradictions between the library specifications given by Eiffel: The Language and those given in this Standard, the latter shall take precedence.

## 2 COMPATIBILITY CONDITIONS

### 2.1 Definitions

### 2.1.1 Required Classes

In this Standard, the phrase "Required Classes" denotes a set of classes whose names are those listed in section 3 .

### 2.1.2 Required Flatshort Form

In this Standard, the phrase "Required Flatshort Forms" denotes the flatshort forms given for the Required Classes in section 3.

### 2.1.3 Flatshort Compatibility

In this Standard, a class is said to be Flatshort-Compatible with one of the short forms given in this Standard if it satisfies the conditions given in section 2 of this Standard.

### 2.1.4 Required Ancestry Links

In this Standard, the expression "Required Ancestry Links" denotes the inheritance links specified in section 4 of this Standard.
[The term "Ancestry" is used rather than "Inheritance" because the required links may be implemented by indirect rather than direct inheritance, except for which must be a direct heir of GENERAL as per rule 4.2, given on page 10.]

### 2.2 Kernel compatibility

### 2.2.1 Definition

An Eiffel implementation will be said to be kernel-compatible if and only if it includes a set of classes satisfying the following five conditions:
2.2.1.1 - For each of the Required Classes, the implementation includes a class with the same name.
2.2.1.2

- All the Required Ancestry Links are present between these classes.
2.2.1.3
2.2.1.4
2.2.1.5
- The flatshort form of each one of these classes is Flatshort-Compatible with the corresponding Required Flatshort Form.
- All the dependents of the Required Classes in the implementation are also included in the implementation.
- None of the features appearing in the Required Flatshort Forms appears in a Rename clause of any of the implementation's Required Classes.

> [These conditions allow a kernel-compatible implementation to include inheritance links other than the ones described in this Standard; condition 2.2.1.4 indicates that for any such link the additional proper ancestors must also be provided by the implementors, since the dependents of a class include its parents.]
> [Condition 2.2.1.4 guarantees that if a feature name appears in this Standard both in the Flatshort form of a Required Class and in the flatshort form of one of its proper ancestors, it corresponds to the same feature or to a redefinition of it.]

### 2.3 Flatshort Conventions

### 2.3.1 Definition

In the process of assessing for Flatshort Compatibility a class $C$ from a candidate implementation, the following ten conventions, which have been applied to the Required Flatshort Forms as they appear in this Standard, shall be applied:
2.3.1.1
No feature shall be included unless it is generally available (as defined in Eiffel:
The Language, page 100) or is a general creation procedure (as defined in Eiffel: The Language, page 285).
2.3.1.2
2.3.1.3
2.3.1.4

- A feature $f$ from GENERAL shall be included if and only if $C$ redeclares $f$.
2.3.1.5 - The header comment of any inherited feature coming from a Required Class $A$ and having the same name in $C$ as in $A$ shall end with a line of the form:
-- (From A.)
2.3.1.6 - The header comment of any inherited feature coming from a Required Class $A$ and having a name in $C$ different from its name $x$ in $A$ shall end with a line of the form:
-- (From $x$ in $A$.
[The comments defined in the last two rules are applicable regardless of whether $C$ redeclares the feature.]
2.3.1.7 $\quad$ If deferred, $C$ shall appear as deferred class.
2.3.1.8 - Any deferred feature of $C$ shall be marked as deferred.
2.3.1.9 - In case of precondition redeclaration, the successive preconditions shall appear as a single Precondition clause, separated by semicolons.
2.3.1.10 - In case of postcondition redeclaration, the successive preconditions shall appear as a single Postcondition clause, separated by and then.


### 2.4 Flatshort Compatibility

### 2.4.1 Definition

A class appearing in an Eiffel implementation is said to be Flatshort-Compatible with a class of the same name listed in this Standard if and only if any difference that may exist between its flatshort form $i c$ and the flatshort form $s c$ of the corresponding class as it appears in section 5, where both flatshort forms follow the conventions of section 2.3, belongs to one of the following eleven categories:
2.4.1.1 - A feature that appears in ic but not in $s c$, whose Header_comment includes, as its last line, the mention:
-- (Feature not in Kernel Library Standard.)
2.4.1.2

- An invariant clause that appears in ic but not in $s c$.
2.4.1.3
2.4.1.4
2.4.1.5
2.4.1.6
2.4.1.7
- For a feature that appears in both ic and $s c$, a postcondition clause that appears in $i c$ but not in $s c$.
- For a feature that appears in both $i c$ and $s c$, a precondition in $s c$ that implies the precondition in $i c$, where the implication is readily provable using rules of mathematical logic.
- For a feature that appears in both $i c$ and $s c$, a postcondition or invariant clause in ic that implies the corresponding clause in $s c$, where the implication is readily provable using rules of mathematical logic.
- A difference between the Tag_mark of an Assertion_clause in ic and its counterpart in $s c$.
- For a feature that appears in both ic and $s c$, an argument type in $s c$ that is different from the corresponding type in ic but conforms to it.
2.4.1.8
2.4.1.9
2.4.1.10
2.4.1.11
- For a feature that appears in both $i c$ and $s c$, an argument type in $i c$ that is different from the corresponding type in sc but conforms to it.
- For a feature that appears in both $i c$ and $s c$, a line that appears in the Header_ comment of ic but not in that of $s c$.
- An Index_clause that appears in ic but not in $s c$.
- A difference regarding the order in which a feature appears in ic and $s c$, the Feature_clause to which it belongs, the Header_comment of such a Feature_ clause, or the presence in ic of a Feature_clause that has no counterpart in sc.
[As a consequence of section 2.4.1.11, the division of classes into one Feature_ clause or more, and the labels of these clauses, appear in this document for the sole purpose of readability and ease of opdreference, but are not part of this Standard.]
[The goal pursued by the preceding definition is to make sure that an Eiffel system that follows this Standard will be correctly processed by any compatible implementation, without limiting the implementors' freedom to provide more ambitious facilities.]


## 3 REQUIRED CLASSES

The Required Classes are the following twenty classes [ordered from the general to the specific, as in section 5]:

- GENERAL [flatshort form in section 5.1].
3.2
3.3
3.4
3.5
3.6
3.7
3.8
3.9
3.10
3.11
3.12
3.13
3.14
3.15
3.16
- ANY[flatshort form in section 5.2].
- COMPARABLE [flatshort form in section 5.3].
- HASHABLE [flatshort form in section 5.4].
- NUMERIC [flatshort form in section 5.5].
- BOOLEAN [flatshort form in section 5.6].
- CHARACTER [flatshort form in section 5.7].
- INTEGER [flatshort form in section 5.8].
- REAL [flatshort form in section 5.9].
- DOUBLE [flatshort form in section 5.10].
- POINTER [flatshort form in section 5.10].
- ARRAY [flatshort form in section 5.12].
- STRING [flatshort form in section5.13).
- STD_FILES [flatshort form in section 5.14].
- FILE [flatshort form in section 5.15].
- STORABLE [flatshort form in section 5.16].
3.17
3.18
3.19
3.20
3.21
3.22
3.23
3.24
3.25
3.26
- MEMORY [flatshort form in section 5.17].
- EXCEPTIONS [flatshort form in section 5.18].
- ARGUMENTS [flatshort form in section 5.19].
- PLATFORM [flatshort form in section 5.20].
- BOOLEAN_REF [flatshort form in section 5.21].
- CHARACTER_REF [flatshort form in section 5.22].
- DOUBLE_REF [flatshort form in section 5.23].
- INTEGER_REF [flatshort form in section 5.24].
- POINTER_REF [flatshort form in section 5.25].
- REAL_REF [flatshort form in section 5.26].
[The classes appear in this section and section and section 5 in the following order: universal classes; deferred classes for basic classes; basic classes; arrays and strings; operating system interface; auxiliary reference classes for the definition of basic classes.]


## 4 REQUIRED ANCESTRY LINKS

The following constitute the required ancestry links [ordered alphabetically, after the first rule, by the name of the applicable descendant class]:
4.1
4.2
4.3
4.4
4.5
4.7
4.8
4.9
4.10
4.11
4.12
4.13
4.14
4.15
4.16

- Every Required Class except GENERAL is a descendant of $A N Y$
- ANY is an heir of GENERAL.
- BOOLEAN is a proper descendant of BOOLEAN_REF.
- BOOLEAN_REF is a proper descendant of HASHABLE.
- CHARACTER is a proper descendant of CHARACTER_REF.
- CHARACTER_REF is a proper descendant of COMPARABLE.
- CHARACTER_REF is a proper descendant of HASHABLE.
- DOUBLE is a proper descendant of $D O U B L E \_R E F$.
- DOUBLE_REF is a proper descendant of COMPARABLE.
- DOUBLE_REF is a proper descendant of HASHABLE.
- DOUBLE_REF is a proper descendant of NUMERIC.
- FILE is a proper descendant of MEMORY.
- INTEGER is a proper descendant of INTEGER_REF.
- INTEGER_REF is a proper descendant of COMPARABLE.
- INTEGER_REF is a proper descendant of HASHABLE.
- INTEGER_REF is a proper descendant of NUMERIC.
4.17
4.18
4.19
4.20
4.21
4.22
4.23
4.24
- POINTER is a proper descendant of POINTER_REF.
- POINTER_REF is a proper descendant of HASHABLE.
- REAL is a proper descendant of $R E A L \_R E F$.
- REAL_REF is a proper descendant of COMPARABLE.
- $R E A L \_R E F$ is a proper descendant of HASHABLE.
- STRING is a proper descendant of COMPARABLE.
- STRING is a proper descendant of HASHABLE.
- STRING is a proper descendant of HASHABLE.
[4.1 follows from Eiffel: The Language; the language description is considered to be amended in such a way that PLATFORM is a class without privileges, to be inherited explicitly by classes which need access to its features.]


## 5 SHORT FORMS OF REQUIRED CLASSES

### 5.1 Class GENERAL

## indexing

description: "Platform-independent universal properties. This class is an ancestor to all developer-written classes."
class interface
GENERAL
feature -- Access
generating_type: STRING
-- Name of current object's generating type
-- (type of which it is a direct instance)
generator: STRING
-- Name of current object's generating class
-- (base class of the type of which it is a direct instance)
id_object (id: INTEGER): ANY
-- Object for which object_id has returned id;
-- void if none.
object_id: INTEGER
-- Value identifying current object uniquely;
-- meaningful only for reference types.
stripped (other: GENERAL): like other
-- New object with fields copied from current object,
-- but limited to attributes of type of other.
require
conformance: conforms_to (other)
ensure
stripped_to_other: Result.same_type (other)
feature -- Status report
frozen conforms_to (other: GENERAL): BOOLEAN
-- Does type of current object conform to type
-- of other (as per Eiffel: The Language, chapter13)?
require
other_not_void: other /= Void
frozen same_type (other: GENERAL): BOOLEAN
-- Is type of current object identical to type of other?
require
other_not_void: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ conforms_to $($ other $)$ and other.conforms_to (Current))
feature -- Comparison
frozen deep_equal (some: GENERAL; other: like some): BOOLEAN
-- Are some and other either both void
-- or attached to isomorphic object structures?
ensure
shallow_implies_deep: standard_equal (some, other) implies Result
same_type: Result implies some.same_type (other)
symmetric: Result implies deep_equal (other, some)
frozen equal (some: GENERAL; other: like some): BOOLEAN
-- Are some and other either both void or attached -- to objects considered equal?
ensure
definition: Result $=($ some $=$ Void and other $=$ Void) or else ((some $/=$ Void and other $/=$ Void $)$ and then some.is_equal (other))
is_equal (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is other attached to an object considered equal -- to current object?
require
other_not_void: other $/=$ Void
ensure
consistent: standard_is_equal (other) implies Result
same_type: Result implies same_type (other)
symmetric: Result implies other.is_equal
(Current)
frozen standard_equal (some: GENERAL; other: like some): BOOLEAN
-- Are some and other either both void or attached to
-- field-by-field identical objects of the same type?
-- Always uses the default object comparison criterion.

## ensure

definition: Result $=($ some $=$ Void and other $=$ Void) or else ((some $/=$ Void and other $/=$ Void $)$ and then some.standard_is_equal (other))
frozen standard_is_equal (other: like Current):
BOOLEAN
-- Is other attached to an object of the same type as
-- current object, and field-by-field identical to it?
require
other_not_void: other $/=$ Void
ensure
same_type: Result implies same_type (other)
symmetric: Result implies other.standard_is_ equal (Current)
feature -- Duplication
frozen clone (other: GENERAL): like other
-- Void if other is void; otherwise new object
-- equal to other.
ensure
equal: equal (Result, other)
copy (other: like Current)
-- Update current object using fields of object attached
-- to other, so as to yield equal objects.
require
other_not_void: other /= Void;
type_identity: same_type (other)

## ensure

is_equal: is_equal (other)
frozen deep_clone (other: GENERAL): like other -- Void if other is void: otherwise, new object structure
-- recursively duplicated from the one attached to other

## ensure

deep_equal: deep_equal (other, Result)
frozen standard_clone (other: GENERAL): like other -- Void if other is void; otherwise new object -- field-by-field identical to other.
-- Always uses the default copying semantics. ensure
equal: standard_equal (Result, other)
frozen standard_copy (other: like Current)
-- Copy every field of other onto corresponding field
-- of current object.
require
other_not_void: other /= Void;
type_identity: same_type (other)

## ensure

is_standard_equal: standard_is_equal (other)
feature -- Basic operations
frozen default: like Current
-- Default value of current type
frozen default_pointer: POINTER
-- Default value of type POINTER
-- (Avoid the need to write $p$.default for some $p$
-- of type POINTER.)

## ensure

Result $=$ Result. default
default_rescue
-- Handle exception if no Rescue clause.
-- (Default: do nothing.)
frozen do_nothing
-- Execute a null action.
frozen Void: NONE
-- Void reference
feature -- Output
io: STD_FILES
-- Handle to standard file setup
out: STRING
-- New string containing terse printable
representation
-- of current object
print (some: GENERAL)
-- Write terse external representation of some on
-- standard output.
frozen tagged_out: STRING
-- New string containing printable representation of
-- current object, each field preceded by its attribute
-- name, a colon and a space.

## invariant

reflexive_equality: standard_is_equal (Current)
reflexive_conformance: conforms_to (Current)
involutive_object_id: id_object $($ object_id $)=$ Current
end

### 5.2 Class ANY

## indexing

description: "Project-wide universal properties. This class is an ancestor to all developer-written classes. $A N Y$ inherits from GENERAL and may be customized for individual projects or teams."
class interface
ANY
end

### 5.3 Class COMPARABLE

## indexing

description: "Objects that may be compared according to a total order relation"
note: "The basic operation is "<" (less than); others are defined in terms of this operation and is_equal."
deferred class interface
COMPARABLE
feature -- Comparison
infix "<" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object less than other?

## require

other_exists: other /= Void

## deferred

ensure
asymmetric: Result implies not (other < Current)
infix "<=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object less than or equal to other?
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ Current $<$ other $)$ or is_equal (other)
infix ">=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than or equal to other?
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<=$ Current $)$
infix ">" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than other?
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<$ Current $)$
is_equal (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is other attached to an object considered equal -- to current object?
-- (Redefined from GENERAL.)
require
other_not_void: other $/=$ Void
ensure
symmetric: Result implies other.is_equal (Current) consistent: standard_is_equal (other) implies Result
trichotomy: Result $=($ not $($ Current $<$ other $)$ and not (other < Current))
max (other: like Current): like Current
-- The greater of current object and other
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_smaller: (Current $>=$ other $)$
implies (Result = Current)
other_if_smaller: (Current < other) implies
$($ Result $=$ other $)$
min (other: like Current): like Current
-- The smaller of current object and other require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
current_if_not_greater: (Current <= other) implies (Result $=$ Current )
other_if_greater: (Current > other) implies (Result = other)
three_way_comparison (other: like Current): INTEGER) -- If current object equal to other, 0 ; if smaller, --1 ; if greater, 1 .
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
equal_zero: $($ Result $=0)=$ is_equal $($ other $)$ smaller_negative: $($ Result $=-1)=($ Current $<$ other $)$ greater_positive: $($ Result $=1)=($ Current $>$ other $)$
invariant
irreflexive_comparison: not (Current < Current)
end

### 5.4 Class HASHABLE

```
indexing
    description: "Values that may be hashed into an integer
        index, for use as keys in hash tables."
deferred class interface
    HASHABLE
feature -- Access
    hash_code: INTEGER
        -- Hash code value
        deferred
        ensure
        good_hash_value: Result >= 0
end
```


### 5.5 Class NUMERIC

indexing
description: "Objects to which numerical operations are applicable"
note: "The model is that of a commutative ring."

## deferred class interface

NUMERIC
feature -- Access
one: like Current
-- Neutral element for "*" and "/"

## deferred

ensure
Result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
zero: like Current
-- Neutral element for " + " and "-"
deferred
ensure
Result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
feature -- Status report
divisible (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- May current object be divided by other?
require
other_exists: other /= Void
deferred
exponentiable (other: NUMERIC): BOOLEAN
-- May current object be elevated to the power other?
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
deferred
feature -- Basic operations
infix "+" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Sum with other (commutative).
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
deferred
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
commutative: equal (Result, other + Current)
infix "-" (other: like Current): like Current -- Result of subtracting other
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
deferred
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "*" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Product by other
require other_exists: other /= Void
deferred
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "/" (other: like Current): like Current -- Division by other
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
good_divisor: divisible (other)
deferred
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "^" (other: NUMERIC): NUMERIC -- Current object to the power other
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void good_exponent: exponentiable (other)
deferred
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
prefix "+": like Current -- Unary plus
deferred
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
prefix "-": like Current -- Unary minus
deferred
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void

```
invariant
    neutral_addition: equal (Current + zero, Current)
    self_subtraction: equal (Current - Current, zero)
    neutral_multiplication: equal (Current * one, Current)
    self_division: divisible (Current) implies equal (Current/
        Current, one)
end
```


### 5.6 Class BOOLEAN

```
indexing
    description: "Truth values, with the boolean
        operations"
expanded class interface
    BOOLEAN
feature -- Access
    hash_code: INTEGER
        -- Hash code value
        -- (From HASHABLE.)
        ensure
            good_hash_value: Result >= 0
feature -- Basic operations
    infix "and" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
            -- Boolean conjunction with other
        require
            other_exists: other /= Void
        ensure
            Result_exists: Result /= Void
            de_morgan: Result = not (not Current or (not
                other))
            commutative: Result = (other and Current)
            consistent_with_semi_strict: Result implies
                    (Current and then other)
    infix "and then" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
            -- Boolean semi-strict conjunction with other
        require
            other_exists: other = = Void
        ensure
            Result_exists: Result /= Void
            de_morgan:Result = not (not Current or else (not
                other))
    infix "implies" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
            -- Boolean implication of other
            -- (semi-strict)
        require
            other_exists: other /= Void
        ensure
            definition: Result = (not Current or else other)
    prefix "not": BOOLEAN
            -- Negation.
```


## indexing

```
description: "Truth values, with the boolean operations"
expanded class interface
BOOLEAN
feature -- Access
hash_code: INTEGER
-- Hash code value
-- (From HASHABLE.)
ensure
good_hash_value: Result \(>=0\)
feature -- Basic operations
infix "and" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
-- Boolean conjunction with other
require
other_exists: other \(/=\) Void
ensure
Result_exists: Result \(/=\) Void
de_morgan: Result \(=\) not (not Current or (not other))
commutative: Result \(=(\) other and Current \()\)
consistent_with_semi_strict: Result implies
(Current and then other)
infix "and then" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
-- Boolean semi-strict conjunction with other require
other_exists: other \(/=\) Void
ensure
Result_exists: Result \(/=\) Void
de_morgan: Result \(=\) not (not Current or else (not other)
infix "implies" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
-- Boolean implication of other
-- (semi-strict)
require
other_exists: other \(/=\) Void
ensure
definition: Result \(=(\) not Current or else other \()\)
prefix "not": BOOLEAN
-- Negation.
```

infix "or" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
-- Boolean disjunction with other
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
Result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
de_morgan: Result $=$ not (not Current and (not other))
commutative: Result $=($ other or Current $)$
consistent_with_semi_strict: Result implies
(Current or else other)
infix "or else" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
-- Boolean semi-strict disjunction with other
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
Result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
de_morgan: Result $=$ not $($ not Current and then (not other))
infix "xor" (other: BOOLEAN): BOOLEAN
-- Boolean exclusive or with other
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=(($ Current or other $)$ and not (Current and other))
feature -- Output
out: STRING
-- Printable representation of boolean
invariant
involutive_negation: is_equal (not (not Current))
non_contradiction: not (Current and (not Current))
completeness: Current or (not Current)
end

### 5.7 Class CHARACTER

## indexing

description: "Characters, with comparison operations and an ASCII code"
expanded class interface
CHARACTER
feature -- Access
code: INTEGER
-- Associated integer value
hash_code: INTEGER
-- Hash code value
-- (From HASHABLE.)
ensure
good_hash_value: Result $>=0$
feature -- Comparison
infix "<" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is other greater than current character?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
asymmetric: Result implies not (other < Current)
infix "<=" (other:like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current character less than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ Current $<$ other $)$ or is_equal (other)
infix ">=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<=$ Current $)$
infix ">" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<$ Current $)$
max (other: like Current): like Current
-- The greater of current object and other -- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_smaller: (Current $>=$ other $)$ implies (Result $=$ Current $)$
other_if_smaller: (Current < other) implies $($ Result $=$ other $)$
min (other: like Current): like Current
-- The smaller of current object and other
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_greater: (Current <= other)
implies (Result $=$ Current $)$
other_if_greater: (Current > other) implies
$($ Result $=$ other $)$
three_way_comparison (other: like Current): INTEGER
-- If current object equal to other, 0 ; if smaller,
-- -1 ; if greater, 1 .
-- (From COMPARABLE.)

## require

other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
equal_zero: $($ Result $=0)=$ is_equal $($ other $)$
smaller: $($ Result $=-1)=$ Current $<$ other
greater_positive: $($ Result $=1)=$ Current $>$ other
feature -- Output
out: STRING
-- Printable representation of character -- (From GENERAL.)
invariant
irreflexive_comparison: not (Current < Current)
end

### 5.8 Class INTEGER

## indexing

description: "Integer values"
expanded class interface
INTEGER
feature -- Access
hash_code: INTEGER is
-- Hash code value
-- (From HASHABLE.)
ensure
good_hash_value: Result $>=0$
one: like Current
-- Neutral element for "*" and "/"
-- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
Result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
value: Result = 1
sign: INTEGER
-- Sign value $(0,-1$ or 1$)$
ensure
three_way: Result $=$ three_way_comparison (zero)
zero: like Current
-- Neutral element for " + " and " - "
-- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
Result_exists: Result /= Void
value: Result $=0$
feature -- Comparison
infix "<" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is other greater than current integer?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
asymmetric: Result implies not (other < Current)
infix "<=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object less than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ Current $<$ other $)$ or is_equal (other)
infix ">=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<=$ Current $)$
infix ">" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure definition: Result $=($ other $<$ Current $)$
max (other: like Current): like Current
-- The greater of current object and other -- (From COMPARABLE.)
require other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
current_if_not_smaller: (Current $>=$ other $)$
implies (Result = Current)
other_if_smaller: (Current < other) implies
$($ Result $=$ other $)$
min (other: like Current): like Current
-- The smaller of current object and other
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_greater: (Current <= other)
implies (Result = Current)
other_if_greater: (Current > other) implies
$($ Result $=$ other $)$
three_way_comparison (other: like Current): INTEGER
-- If current object equal to other, 0 ; if smaller,
-- -1 ; if greater, 1 .
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
equal_zero: $($ Result $=0)=$ is_equal $($ other $)$
smaller: $($ Result $=1)=$ Current $<$ other
greater_positive: $($ Result $=-1)=$ Current $>$ other
feature -- Status report
divisible (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- May current object be divided by other?
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
value: Result $=($ other $/=0)$
exponentiable (other: NUMERIC): BOOLEAN
-- May current object be elevated to the power other?
-- (From NUMERIC.)

## require

other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
safe_values: (other.conforms_to (Current) or (other.conforms_to (0.0) and (Current $>=0)$ )) implies Result
feature -- Basic operations
abs: like Current
-- Absolute value

## ensure

non_negative: Result $>=0$
same_absolute_value: $($ Result $=$ Current $)$ or (Result $=-$ Current $)$
infix "*" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Product by other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
infix "+" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Sum with other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require other_exists: other /= Void
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void commutative: equal (Result, other + Current)
infix "-" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Result of subtracting other -- (From NUMERIC.)
require other_exists: other /= Void
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "/" (other: like Current): DOUBLE -- Division by other
require other_exists: other /= Void good_divisor: divisible (other)
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "//" (other: like Current): like Current -- Integer division of Current by other -- (From "/" in NUMERIC.)
require other_exists: other $/=$ Void good_divisor: divisible (other)
ensure result_exists: divisible (other)
infix "<br>" (other: like Current): like Current -- Remainder of the integer division of Current by other
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void good_divisor: divisible (other)
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "^" (other: NUMERIC): DOUBLE
-- Integer power of Current by other -- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void good_exponent: exponentiable (other)
ensure result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
prefix "+": like Current
-- Unary plus -- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
prefix "-": like Current
-- Unary minus
-- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
feature -- Output
out: STRING
-- Printable representation of current object -- (From GENERAL.)
invariant
irreflexive_comparison: not (Current < Current)
neutral_addition: equal (Current + zero, Current)
self_subtraction: equal (Current - Current, zero)
neutral_multiplication: equal (Current * one, Current)
self_division: divisible (Current) implies equal (Current / Current, one)
sign_times_abs: equal (sign*abs, Current)
end

### 5.9 Class REAL

indexing
description: "Real values, single precision"
expanded class interface
REAL
feature -- Access
hash_code: INTEGER
-- Hash code value
-- (From HASHABLE.)
ensure
good_hash_value: Result $>=0$
one: like Current
-- Neutral element for "*" and "/"
-- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
Result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
value: Result = 1.0
sign: INTEGER
-- Sign value $(0,-1$ or 1$)$
ensure
three_way: Result = three_way_comparison (zero)
zero: like Current
-- Neutral element for "+" and "-"
-- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
Result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
value: Result $=0.0$
feature -- Comparison
infix "<" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is other greater than current real?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void

## ensure

asymmetric: Result implies not (other < Current)
infix "<=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object less than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ Current $<$ other $)$ or is_equal (other)
infix ">=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<=$ Current $)$
infix ">" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<$ Current $)$
max (other: like Current): like Current
-- The greater of current object and other
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_smaller: (Current >=other) implies (Result = Current)
other_if_smaller: (Current < other) implies (Result $=$ other $)$
min (other: like Current): like Current
-- The smaller of current object and other
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_greater: (Current <=other)
implies (Result $=$ Current $)$
other_if_greater: $($ Current $>$ other $)$ implies (Result
$\quad=$ other)
three_way_comparison (other: like Current): INTEGER
-- If current object equal to other, 0 ; if smaller,
-- -1 ; if greater, 1 .
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
equal_zero: $($ Result $=0)=$ is_equal $($ other $)$
smaller: $($ Result $=-1)=$ Current $<$ other
greater_positive: $($ Result $=1)=$ Current $>$ other
feature -- Status report
divisible (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- May current object be divided by other?
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
not_exact_zero: Result implies (other $/=0.0$ )
exponentiable (other: NUMERIC): BOOLEAN
-- May current object be elevated to the power other?
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
safe_values: (other.conforms_to (0) or (other.conforms_to (Current) and (Current $>=$ 0.0))) implies Result
feature -- Conversion
ceiling: INTEGER
-- Smallest integral value no smaller than current object

## ensure

result_no_smaller: Result $>=$ Current
close_enough: Result - Current < one
floor: INTEGER
-- Greatest integral value no greater than current object
ensure
result_no_greater: Result <= Current close_enough: Current - Result < one
rounded: INTEGER
-- Rounded integral value
ensure
definition: Result $=\operatorname{sign} *((a b s+0.5)$. floor $)$
truncated_to_integer: INTEGER
-- Integer part (same sign, largest absolute
-- value no greater than current object's)
feature -- Basic operations
abs: like Current
-- Absolute value
ensure
non_negative: Result $>=0$
same_absolute_value: $($ Result $=$ Current $)$ or (Result $=-$ Current $)$
infix "*" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Product by other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix " + " (other: like Current): like Current
-- Sum with other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
commutative: equal (Result, other + Current)
infix "-" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Result of subtracting other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "/" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Division by other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
good_divisor: divisible (other)
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "^" (other: NUMERIC): DOUBLE
-- Current real to the power other -- (From NUMERIC.)

## require

other_exists: other $/=$ Void
good_exponent: exponentiable (other)

## ensure

result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
prefix " + ": like Current
-- Unary plus -- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
prefix "-": like Current
-- Unary minus -- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
feature -- Output
out: STRING
-- Printable representation of real value -- (From GENERAL.)
invariant
irreflexive_comparison: not (Current < Current)
neutral_addition: equal (Current + zero, Current)
self_subtraction: equal (Current - Current, zero)
neutral_multiplication: equal (Current * one, Current)
self_division: divisible (Current) implies equal (Current / Current, one)
sign_times_abs: equal (sign*abs, Current)
end

### 5.10 Class $D O U B L E$

## indexing

description: "Real values, double precision"
expanded class interface
DOUBLE
feature -- Access
hash_code: INTEGER
-- Hash code value
-- (From HASHABLE.)
ensure
good_hash_value: Result $>=0$
one: like Current
-- Neutral element for "*" and "/"
-- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
Result_exists: Result /= Void
value: Result = 1.0
sign: INTEGER
-- Sign value $(0,-1$ or 1$)$
ensure
three_way: Result $=$ three_way_comparison (zero)
zero: like Current
-- Neutral element for " + " and "-"
-- (From NUMERIC.)
ensure
Result_exists: Result /= Void
value: Result $=0.0$
feature -- Comparison
infix "<" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is other greater than current double?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
asymmetric: Result implies not (other < Current)
infix "<=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object less than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ Current $<$ other $)$ or is_equal (other)
infix ">=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<=$ Current $)$
infix ">" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<$ Current $)$
max (other: like Current): like Current
-- The greater of current object and other
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_smaller: (Current $>=$ other $)$ implies (Result = Current)
other_if_smaller: (Current < other) implies $($ Result $=$ other $)$
min (other: like Current): like Current
-- The smaller of current object and other
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_greater: (Current <= other)
implies $($ Result $=$ Current $)$
other_if_greater: (Current > other) implies
$($ Result $=$ other $)$
three_way_comparison (other: like Current): INTEGER
-- If current object equal to other, 0 ; if smaller, -- -1 ; if greater, 1 .
require
other_exists: other /= Void
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
ensure
equal_zero: $($ Result $=0)=$ is_equal $($ other $)$
smaller: $($ Result $=-1)=$ Current $<$ other
greater_positive: $($ Result $=1)=$ Current $>$ other
feature -- Status report
divisible (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- May current object be divided by other?
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
not_exact_zero: Result implies (other $/=0.0$ )
exponentiable (other: NUMERIC): BOOLEAN
-- May current object be elevated to the power other?
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
safe_values: (other.conforms_to (0) or (other.conforms_to (Current) and (Current >= 0.0))) implies Result
feature -- Conversion
ceiling: INTEGER
-- Smallest integral value no smaller than current object
ensure
result_no_smaller: Result >= Current
close_enough: Result - Current < one
floor: INTEGER
-- Greatest integral value no greater than current object
ensure
result_no_greater: Result <= Current
close_enough: Current - Result < one
rounded: INTEGER
-- Rounded integral value
ensure
definition: Result $=\operatorname{sign} *((a b s+0.5)$. floor $)$
truncated_to_integer: INTEGER
-- Integer part (same sign, largest absolute
-- value no greater than current object's)
truncated_to_real: REAL
-- Real part (same sign, largest absolute
-- value no greater than current object's)
feature -- Basic operations
abs: like Current
-- Absolute value
ensure
non_negative: Result $>=0$
same_absolute_value: $($ Result $=$ Current $)$ or
(Result $=-$ Current $)$
infix "*" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Product by other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "+" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Sum with other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
commutative: equal (Result, other + Current)
infix "-" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Result of subtracting other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
infix "/" (other: like Current): like Current
-- Division by other
-- (From NUMERIC.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
good_divisor: divisible (other)
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void

```
    infix "^" (other: like Current): like Current
        -- Current double to the power other
        -- (From NUMERIC.)
        require
            other_exists: other /= Void
            good_exponent: exponentiable (other)
        ensure
        result_exists: Result /= Void
    prefix "+": like Current
        -- Unary plus
        -- (From NUMERIC.)
    ensure
        result_exists: Result /= Void
    prefix "-": like Current
        -- Unary minus
        -- (From NUMERIC.)
    ensure
        result_exists: Result /= Void
feature -- Output
    out: STRING
        -- Printable representation of double value
        -- (From GENERAL.)
invariant
    irreflexive_comparison: not (Current < Current)
    neutral_addition: equal (Current + zero, Current)
    self_subtraction: equal (Current - Current, zero)
    neutral_multiplication: equal (Current * one, Current)
    self_division: divisible (Current) implies equal (Current/
        Current,one)
    sign_times_abs: equal (sign*abs, Current)
end
```


### 5.11 Class POINTER

## indexing

description: "References to objects meant to be exchanged with non-Eiffel software."
expanded class interface
POINTER
feature -- Access
hash_code: INTEGER
-- Hash code value
-- (From HASHABLE.)
ensure
good_hash_value: Result $>=0$
feature -- Output out: STRING
-- Printable representation of pointer value -- (From GENERAL.)
end

### 5.12 Class ARRAY

## indexing

description: "Sequences of values, all of the same type or of a conforming one, accessible through integer indices in a contiguous interval"
class interface
ARRAY [G]

## creation

make (minindex, maxindex: INTEGER)
-- Allocate array; set index interval to
-- minindex .. maxindex; set all values to default.
-- (Make array empty if minindex > maxindex.)
ensure
no_count: $($ minindex $>$ maxindex $)$ implies (count $=$ 0 );
count_constraint: (minindex <= maxindex)
implies $($ count $=$ maxindex - mininde $x+1)$
make_from_array (a: ARRAY[G])
-- Initialize from the items of $a$.
-- (Useful in proper descendants of class ARRAY,
-- to initialize an array-like object from a manifest array.)
feature -- Initialization
make (minindex, maxindex: INTEGER)
-- Set index interval to minindex .. maxindex
-- reallocate if necessary; set all values to default.
-- (Make array empty if minindex > maxindex.)
ensure
no_count: $($ minindex $>$ maxindex $)$ implies (count $=$ 0 );
count_constraint: (minindex <= maxindex)
implies $($ count $=$ maxindex - mininde $x+1)$
make_from_array (a:ARRAY[G])
-- Initialize from the items of $a$; reallocate if
-- necessary. (Useful in proper descendants of
-- class ARRAY, to initialize an array-like object
-- from a manifest array.)
feature -- Access
entry ( $i$ : INTEGER): $G$
-- Entry at index $i$, if in index interval
-- (Redefinable synonym for item and infix "@".)
require
good_key: valid_index (i)
frozen item ( $i$ : INTEGER): $G$
-- Entry at index $i$, if in index interval require
good_key: valid_index (i)
frozen infix "@" (i: INTEGER): G
-- Entry at index $i$, if in index interval
require
good_key: valid_index (i)
feature -- Measurement
count: INTEGER
-- Number of available indices
lower: INTEGER
-- Minimum index
upper: INTEGER
-- Maximum index
feature -- Comparison
is_equal (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is array made of the same items as other?
-- (Redefined from GENERAL.)
feature -- Status report
valid_index (i: INTEGER): BOOLEAN
-- Is $i$ within the bounds of the array?
feature -- Element change
enter ( $v: G ; i:$ INTEGER)
-- Replace $i$-th entry, if in index interval, by $v$.
-- (Redefinable synonym for put.)
require
good_key: valid_index (i)
ensure
inserted: item $(i)=v$
force ( $v$ : like item; $i:$ INTEGER)
-- Assign item $v$ to $i$-th entry.
-- Always applicable: resize the array if $i$ falls out of
-- currently defined bounds; preserve existing items.
ensure
inserted: item $(i)=v$;
higher_count: count $>=$ old count
frozen put ( $v$ : like item; $i$ : INTEGER)
-- Replace $i$-th entry, if in index interval, by $v$.

## require

good_key: valid_index (i)
ensure
inserted: $\operatorname{item}(i)=v$
feature -- Resizing
resize (minindex, maxindex: INTEGER)
-- Rearrange array so that it can accommodate
-- indices down to minindex and up to maxindex.
-- Do not lose any previously entered item. require
good_indices: minindex <= maxindex ensure
no_low_lost: lower $=$ minindex.min $(\mathbf{o l d}$ lower $)$
no_high_lost: upper $=$ maxindex.max $($ old upper $)$
feature -- Conversion
to_c: POINTER
-- Address of actual sequence of values,
-- for passing to external (non-Eiffel) routines.
feature -- Duplication
copy (other: like Current)
-- Reinitialize by copying all the items of other.
-- (This is also used by clone.)
-- (From GENERAL.)
invariant
consistent_size: count $=$ upper - lower +1 ;
non_negative_count: count $>=0$
end

### 5.13 Class STRING

## indexing

description: "Sequences of characters, accessible through integer indices in a contiguous range."
class interface
STRING

## creation

frozen make ( $n$ : INTEGER)
-- Allocate space for at least $n$ characters.
require
non_negative_size: $n>=0$
ensure
empty_string: count $=0$
make_from_string ( $s$ : STRING)
-- Initialize from the characters of $s$.
-- (Useful in proper descendants of class STRING,
-- to initialize a string-like object from a manifest string.)
require
string_exists: s/= Void
feature -- Initialization
from_c (c_string: POINTER)
-- Reset contents of string from contents of $c_{-}$ string,
-- a string created by some external C function.
require
C_string_exists: c_string /= Void
frozen remake ( $n$ : INTEGER)
-- Allocate space for at least $n$ characters.
require
non_negative_size: $n>=0$
ensure
empty_string: count $=0$
make_from_string ( $s$ : STRING)
-- Initialize from the characters of $s$.
-- (Useful in proper descendants of class STRING, -- to initialize a string-like object from a manifest string.)
require
string_exists: $s /=$ Void
feature -- Access
hash_code: INTEGER
-- Hash code value
-- (From HASHABLE.)
ensure
good_hash_value: Result $>=0$
index_of (c: CHARACTER; start: INTEGER): INTEGER
-- Position of first occurrence of $c$ at or after start;
-- 0 if none.
require
start_large_enough: start >=1
start_small_enough: start <= count
ensure
non_negative_result: Result $>=0$
at_this_position: Result $>0$ implies item (Result) $=c$
-- none_before: For every $i$ in start..Result, item (i)
$1=c$
-- zero_iff_absent:
-- $\quad($ Result $=0)=$ For every $i$ in 1 ..count, item $(i)$
$1=c$
item ( $i$ : INTEGER): CHARACTER
-- Character at position $i$
require
good_key: valid_index (i)
substring_index (other: STRING; start: INTEGER):
INTEGER
-- Position of first occurrence of other at or after
start;
-- 0 if none.
infix "@" (i: INTEGER): CHARACTER
-- Character at position $i$
require
good_key: valid_index (i)
feature -- Measurement
count: INTEGER
-- Actual number of characters making up the string
occurrences ( $c$ : CHARACTER): INTEGER
-- Number of times $c$ appears in the string ensure
non_negative_occurrences: Result $>=0$

## feature -- Comparison

is_equal (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is string made of same character sequence as other?
-- (Redefined from GENERAL.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
infix "く" (other: STRING): BOOLEAN
-- Is string lexicographically lower than other?
-- (False if other is void)
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void

## ensure

asymmetric: Result implies not (other < Current)
infix "<=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object less than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ Current $<$ other $)$ or is_equal (other)
infix ">=" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than or equal to other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)

## require

other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<=$ Current $)$
infix ">" (other: like Current): BOOLEAN
-- Is current object greater than other?
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
definition: Result $=($ other $<$ Current $)$
max (other: like Current): like Current)
-- The greater of current object and other
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
current_if_not_smaller: (Current $>=$ other $)$
implies (Result $=$ Current $)$
other_if_smaller: (Current < other) implies
(Result $=$ other $)$
min (other: like Current): like Current)
-- The smaller of current object and other
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other /= Void
ensure
current_if_not_greater: (Current <=other) implies (Result $=$ Current $)$
other_if_greater: (Current > other) implies $($ Result $=$ other $)$
three_way_comparison (other: like Current): INTEGER)
-- If current object equal to other, 0 ; if smaller,
-- -1 ; if greater, 1 .
-- (From COMPARABLE.)
require
other_exists: other $/=$ Void
ensure
equal_zero: $($ Result $=0)=$ is_equal (other)
smaller: $($ Result $=-1)=$ Current $<$ other greater_positive: $($ Result $=1)=$ Current $>$ other
feature -- Status report
empty: BOOLEAN
-- Is string empty?
valid_index (i: INTEGER): BOOLEAN
-- Is $i$ within the bounds of the string?
feature -- Element change
append_boolean (b: BOOLEAN)
-- Append the string representation of $b$ at end.
append_character (c: CHARACTER)
-- Append $c$ at end.
ensure
item_inserted: item $($ count $)=c$
one_more_occurrence: occurrences $(c)=$ old
(occurrences (c)) +1
item_inserted: has (c)
append_double (d: DOUBLE)
-- Append the string representation of $d$ at end.
append_integer ( $i$ : INTEGER)
-- Append the string representation of $i$ at end.
append_real ( $r$ : REAL)
-- Append the string representation of $r$ at end.
append_string (s: STRING)
-- Append a copy of $s$, if not void, at end.

## ensure

new_count: count $=$ old count $+s$.count
-- appended: For every $i$ in 1..s.count,
-- item $($ old count $+i)=s$. item $(i)$
fill (c: CHARACTER)
-- Replace every character with $c$.
ensure
-- allblank: For every $i$ in 1..count, item $(i)=$ Blank
head (n: INTEGER)
-- Remove all characters except for the first $n$;
-- do nothing if $n>=$ count.
require
non_negative_argument: $n>=0$
ensure
new_count: count $=n$. min $(\mathbf{o l d}$ count $)$
-- first_kept: For every $i$ in 1..n, item $(i)=$ old item (i)
insert ( $s$ : like Current; $i$ : INTEGER)
-- Add $s$ to the left of position $i$.
require
string_exists: $s /=$ Void;
index_small_enough: $i<=$ count;
index_large_enough: $i>0$
ensure
new_count : count $=$ old count $+s$.count
insert_character (c: CHARACTER; $i$ : INTEGER)
-- Add $c$ to the left of position $i$.
ensure
new_count: count $=$ old count +1
left_adjust
-- Remove leading white space.
ensure
new_count: $($ count $/=0)$ implies (item ( 1 ) /= ' ')
put (c: CHARACTER; $i$ : INTEGER)
-- Replace character at position $i$ by $c$.
require
good_key: valid_index (i)
ensure
insertion_done: $\operatorname{item}(i)=c$
put_substring (s: like Current; start_pos, end_pos:

## INTEGER)

-- Copy the characters of $s$ to positions
-- start_pos .. end_pos.
require
string_exists: $s /=$ Void;
index_small_enough: end_pos <= count;
order_respected: start_pos <= end_pos;
index_large_enough: start_pos >0

## ensure

new_count: count $=\mathbf{o l d}$ count + s.count - end_ pos + start_pos - 1
right_adjust
-- Remove trailing white space.

## ensure

new_count: $($ count $/=0)$ implies $($ item $($ count $) /=$ '
')
tail ( $n$ : INTEGER)
-- Remove all characters except for the last $n$;

-     - do nothing if $n>=$ count.


## require

non_negative_argument: $n>=0$
ensure
new_count: count $=n . \min (\mathbf{o l d}$ count $)$
feature -- Removal
remove ( $i$ : INTEGER)
-- Remove $i$-th character.
require
index_small_enough: $i<=$ count;
index_large_enough: $i>0$
ensure
new_count : count $=$ old count -1
wipe_out
-- Remove all characters.
ensure
empty_string: count $=0$
wiped_out: empty


## feature -- Output

out: STRING
-- Printable representation
-- (From GENERAL.)

## ensure

result_not_void: Result $/=$ Void

## invariant

irreflexive_comparison: not (Current < Current)
empty_definition: empty $=($ count $=0)$;
non_negative_count: count $>=0$
end

### 5.14 Class STD_FILES

## indexing

description: "Commonly used input and output mechanisms. This class may be used as either ancestor or supplier by classes needing its facilities."

## class interface

STD_FILES
feature -- Access
default_output: FILE
-- Default output.
error: FILE
-- Standard error file
input: FILE
-- Standard input file
output: FILE
-- Standard output file
standard_default: FILE
-- Return the default_output or output
-- if default_output is Void.
feature -- Status report
last_character: CHARACTER
-- Last character read by read_character
last_double: DOUBLE
-- Last double read by read_double
last_integer: INTEGER
-- Last integer read by read_integer
last_real: REAL
-- Last real read by read_real
last_string: STRING
-- Last string read by read_line,
-- read_stream, or read_word
feature -- Element change
put_boolean (b: BOOLEAN)
-- Write $b$ at end of default output.
put_character (c: CHARACTER)
-- Write $c$ at end of default output.
put_double (d: DOUBLE)
-- Write $d$ at end of default output.
put_integer ( $i$ : INTEGER)
-- Write $i$ at end of default output.
put_new_line
-- Write line feed at end of default output.
put_real (r: REAL)
-- Write $r$ at end of default output.
put_string ( $s$ : STRING)
-- Write $s$ at end of default output.
require
$s /=$ Void
set_error_default
-- Use standard error as default output.
set_output_default
-- Use standard output as default output.
feature -- Input
read_character
-- Read a new character from standard input.
-- Make result available in last_character.
read_double
-- Read a new double from standard input.
-- Make result available in last_double.
read_integer
-- Read a new integer from standard input.
-- Make result available in last_integer.
read_line
-- Read a line from standard input.
-- Make result available in last_string.
-- New line will be consumed but not part of last_ string.
read_real
-- Read a new real from standard input.
-- Make result available in last_real.
read_stream (nb_char: INTEGER)
-- Read a string of at most nb_char bound characters
-- from standard input.
-- Make result available in last_string.
to_next_line
-- Move to next input line on standard input.
end

### 5.15 Class FILE

```
indexing
    description: "Files viewed as persistent sequences of
        characters."
class interface
    FILE
creation
    make (fn: STRING)
        -- Create file object with fn as file name.
        require
            string_exists: fn /= Void;
            string_not_empty: not fn.empty
        ensure
            file_named: name.is_equal (fn);
            file_closed: is_closed
    make_create_read_write (fn: STRING)
        -- Create file object with fn as file name
        -- and open file for both reading and writing;
        -- create it if it does not exist.
        require
            string_exists: fn /= Void;
            string_not_empty: not fn.empty
        ensure
        exists: exists;
        open_read: is_open_read;
        open_write: is_open_write
    make_open_append (fn: STRING)
        -- Create file object with fn as file name
        -- and open file in append-only mode.
        require
            string_exists: fn /= Void;
            string_not_empty: not fn.empty
        ensure
            exists: exists;
            open_append: is_open_append
```


## indexing

```
description: "Files viewed as persistent sequences of characters."
```


## class interface

```
FILE
creation
make (fn: STRING)
-- Create file object with \(f n\) as file name.
require
string_exists: fn \(/=\) Void;
string_not_empty: not \(f n . e m p t y\)
ensure
file_named: name.is_equal (fn);
file_closed: is_closed
make_create_read_write (fn: STRING)
-- Create file object with \(f n\) as file name
-- and open file for both reading and writing;
-- create it if it does not exist.
```


## require

```
string_exists: fn \(/=\) Void;
string_not_empty: not \(f n . e m p t y\)
```


## ensure

```
exists: exists;
open_read: is_open_read;
open_write: is_open_write
make_open_append (fn: STRING)
-- Create file object with \(f n\) as file name
-- and open file in append-only mode.
require
string_exists: fn \(/=\) Void;
string_not_empty: not fn.empty
ensure
exists: exists;
open_append: is_open_append
```

make_open_read (fn: STRING)
-- Create file object with fn as file name -- and open file in read mode.
require
string_exists: fn $/=$ Void;
string_not_empty: not fn.empty
ensure
exists: exists;
open_read: is_open_read
make_open_read_write (fn: STRING)
-- Create file object with $f n$ as file name
-- and open file for both reading and writing.
require
string_exists: fn $/=$ Void;
string_not_empty: not fn.empty
ensure
exists: exists;
open_read: is_open_read;
open_write: is_open_write
make_open_write (fn: STRING)
-- Create file object with fn as file name
-- and open file for writing;
-- create it if it does not exist.
require
string_exists: fn $/=$ Void;
string_not_empty: not fn.empty
ensure
exists: exists;
open_write: is_open_write
feature -- Access
name: STRING
-- File name
feature -- Measurement
count: INTEGER
-- Size in bytes (0 if no associated physical file)
feature -- Status report
empty: BOOLEAN
-- Is structure empty?
end_of_file: BOOLEAN
-- Has an EOF been detected?
require
opened: not is_closed
exists: BOOLEAN
-- Does physical file exist?
is_closed: BOOLEAN
-- Is file closed?
is_open_read: BOOLEAN
-- Is file open for reading?
is_open_write: BOOLEAN
-- Is file open for writing?
is_plain_text: BOOLEAN
-- Is file reserved for text (character sequences)?
is_readable: BOOLEAN
-- Is file readable?

## require

handle_exists: exists
is_writable: BOOLEAN
-- Is file writable?
require
handle_exists: exists
last_character: CHARACTER
-- Last character read by read_character
last_double: DOUBLE
-- Last double read by read_double
last_integer: INTEGER
-- Last integer read by read_integer
last_real: REAL
-- Last real read by read_real
last_string: STRING
-- Last string read by read_line,
-- read_stream, or read_word
feature -- Status setting
close
-- Close file.
require
medium_is_open: not is_closed
ensure
is_closed: is_closed
open_read
-- Open file in read-only mode.
require
is_closed: is_closed
ensure
exists: exists
open_read: is_open_read
open_read_append
-- Open file in read and write-at-end mode;
-- create it if it does not exist.
require
is_closed: is_closed
ensure
exists: exists
open_read: is_open_read
open_append: is_open_append
open_read_write
-- Open file in read and write mode.
require
is_closed: is_closed
ensure
exists: exists
open_read: is_open_read
open_write: is_open_write
open_write
-- Open file in write-only mode;
-- create it if it does not exist.
ensure
exists: exists
open_write: is_open_write
feature -- Cursor movement
to_next_line
-- Move to next input line.
require
readable: is_readable
feature -- Element change
change_name (new_name: STRING)
-- Change file name to new_name
require
not_new_name_void: new_name /= Void;
file_exists: exists
ensure
name_changed: name.is_equal (new_name)

```
feature -- Removal
    delete
        -- Remove link with physical file; delete physical
        -- file if no more link.
        require
            exists: exists
dispose
    -- Ensure this medium is closed when
    garbage-collected.
feature -- Input
    read_character
        -- Read a new character.
        -- Make result available in last_character.
        require
            readable: is_readable
    read_double
        -- Read the ASCII representation of a new double
        -- from file. Make result available in last_double.
        require
            readable: is_readable
        read_integer
            -- Read the ASCII representation of a new integer
            -- from file. Make result available in last_integer.
        require
            readable: is_readable
    read_line
            -- Read a string until new line or end of file.
            -- Make result available in laststring.
            -- New line will be consumed but not part of last_
            string.
        require
            readable: is_readable
    read_real
                -- Read the ASCII representation of a new real
                -- from file. Make result available in last_real.
        require
            readable: is_readable
    read_stream(nb_char:INTEGER)
                -- Read a string of at most nb_char bound
                characters
                -- or until end of file.
                -- Make result available in last_string.
    require
            readable: is_readable
    read_word
        -- Read a new word from standard input.
        -- Make result available in last_string.
```

```
feature -- Output
    put_boolean (b: BOOLEAN)
        -- Write ASCII value of b}\mathrm{ at current position.
        require
            extendible: extendible
    put_character (c: CHARACTER)
        -- Write c at current position.
        require
        extendible: extendible
    put_double (d: DOUBLE)
        -- Write ASCII value of d at current position.
        require
        extendible: extendible
    put_integer (i: INTEGER)
        -- Write ASCII value of i at current position.
        require
        extendible: extendible
    put_real (r: REAL)
        -- Write ASCII value of r at current position.
    require
        extendible: extendible
    put_string (s: STRING)
        -- Write s at current position.
    require
        extendible: extendible
invariant
    name_exists: name /= Void;
    name_not_empty: not name.empty;
    writable_if_extendible: extendible implies is_writable
end
```


### 5.16 Class STORABLE

## indexing

description: "Objects that may be stored and retrieved along with all their dependents. This class may be used as ancestor by classes needing its facilities."

## class interface

STORABLE
feature -- Access
retrieved (file: FILE): STORABLE
-- Retrieved object structure, from external
-- representation previously stored in file.
-- To access resulting object under correct type,
-- use assignment attempt.
-- Will raise an exception (code Retrieve_ exception)
-- if file content is not a STORABLE structure.
require
file_not_void: file $/=$ Void;
file_exists: file.exists;
file_is_open_read: file.is_open_read
file_not_plain_text: not file.is_plain_text
ensure
result_exists: Result $/=$ Void
feature -- Element change
basic_store (file: FILE)
-- Produce on file an external representation of the
-- entire object structure reachable from current object.
-- Retrievable within current system only.
require
file_not_void: file $/=$ Void;
file_exists: file.exists;
file_is_open_write: file.is_open_write
file_not_plain_text: not file.is_plain_text
general_store (file: FILE)
-- Produce on file an external representation of the -- entire object structure reachable from current object.
-- Retrievable from other systems for same platform
-- (machine architecture).
require
file_not_void: file $=$ =Void;
file_exists: file.exists;
file_is_open_write: file.is_open_write
file_not_plain_text: not file.is_plain_text
independent_store (file: FILE)
-- Produce on file an external representation of the -- entire object structure reachable from current object.
-- Retrievable from other systems for the same or other
-- platforms (machine architectures).
require
file_not_void: file $1=$ Void;
file_exists: file.exists;
file_is_open_write: file.is_open_write
file_not_plain_text: not file.is_plain_text
end

### 5.17 Class MEMORY

indexing
description: "Facilities for tuning up the garbage collection mechanism. This class may be used as ancestor by classes needing its facilities."

## class interface

MEMORY
feature -- Status report
collecting: BOOLEAN
-- Is garbage collection enabled?
feature -- Status setting
collection_off
-- Disable garbage collection.
collection_on
-- Enable garbage collection.
feature -- Removal
dispose
-- Action to be executed just before garbage collection
-- reclaims an object.
-- Default version does nothing; redefine in descendants
-- to perform specific dispose actions. Those actions
-- should only take care of freeing external resources
-- they should not perform remote calls on other objects
-- since these may also be dead and reclaimed.
full_collect
-- Force a full collection cycle if garbage
-- collection is enabled; do nothing otherwise.
end

### 5.18 Class EXCEPTIONS

## indexing

description: "Facilities for adapting the exception handling mechanism. This class may be used as ancestor by classes needing its facilities."

## class interface

EXCEPTIONS

## feature -- Access

developer_exception_name: STRING
-- Name of last developer-raised exception
require
applicable: is_developer_exception
feature -- Access
Check_instruction: INTEGER
-- Exception code for violated check
Class_invariant: INTEGER
-- Exception code for violated class invariant
Incorrect_inspect_value: INTEGER
-- Exception code for inspect value which is not one
-- of the inspect constants, if there is no Else_part
Loop_invariant: INTEGER
-- Exception code for violated loop invariant
Loop_variant: INTEGER
-- Exception code for non-decreased loop variant
No_more_memory: INTEGER
-- Exception code for failed memory allocation
Postcondition: INTEGER
-- Exception code for violated postcondition
Precondition: INTEGER
-- Exception code for violated precondition
Routine_failure: INTEGER
-- Exception code for failed routine
Void_attached_to_expanded: INTEGER
-- Exception code for attachment of void value
-- to expanded entity
Void_call_target: INTEGER
-- Exception code for violated check
feature -- Status report
assertion_violation: BOOLEAN
-- Is last exception originally due to a violated
-- assertion or non-decreasing variant?
exception: INTEGER
-- Code of last exception that occurred
is_developer_exception: BOOLEAN
-- Is the last exception originally due to
-- a developer exception?
is_signal: BOOLEAN
-- Is last exception originally due to an external
-- event (operating system signal)?
feature -- Basic operations
die (code: INTEGER)
-- Terminate execution with exit status code,
-- without triggering an exception.
raise (name : STRING)
-- Raise a developer exception of name name.
end

### 5.19 Class ARGUMENTS

```
indexing
    description: "Access to command-line arguments. This
        class may be used as ancestor by classes needing its
        facilities."
class interface
    ARGUMENTS
feature -- Access
    argument (i: INTEGER): STRING
        -- i-th argument of command that started system
        execution
        -- (the command name if i=0)
        require
            index_large_enough: i>= 0
            index_small_enough:i<= argument_count
    command_name:STRING
        -- Name of command that started system execution
        ensure
            definition: Result = argument (0)
feature -- Measurement
    argument_count: INTEGER
        -- Number of arguments given to command that
        started
        -- system execution (command name does not
        count)
    ensure
        Result }>=
end
```


### 5.20 Class PLATFORM

## indexing

description: "Platform-dependent properties. This class may be used as ancestor by classes needing its facilities."
class interface
PLATFORM

## feature -- Access

Boolean_bits: INTEGER
-- Number of bits in a value of type BOOLEAN

## ensure

meaningful: Result $>=1$
Character_bits: INTEGER
-- Number of bits in a value of type CHARACTER
ensure
meaningful: Result $>=1$
large_enough: $2^{\wedge}$ Result $>=$ Maximum_ character_code

Double_bits: INTEGER
-- Number of bits in a value of type $D O U B L E$
ensure
meaningful: Result $>=1$
meaningful: Result $>=$ Real_bits
Integer_bits: INTEGER
-- Number of bits in a value of type INTEGER
ensure
meaningful: Result $>=1$
large_enough: $2 \wedge$ Result $>=$ Maximum_integer
large_enough_for_negative: $2^{\wedge}$ Result $>=$ -Minimum_integer
Maximum_character_code: INTEGER
-- Largest supported code for CHARACTER values
ensure
meaningful: Result $>=127$
Maximum_integer: INTEGER
-- Largest supported value of type INTEGER.
ensure
meaningful: Result $>=0$

Minimum_character_code: INTEGER
-- Smallest supported code for CHARACTER values

## ensure

meaningful: Result $<=0$
Minimum_integer: INTEGER
-- Smallest supported value of type INTEGER
ensure
meaningful: Result $<=0$
Pointer_bits: INTEGER
-- Number of bits in a value of type POINTER ensure
meaningful: Result $>=1$
Real_bits: INTEGER
-- Number of bits in a value of type $R E A L$

## ensure

meaningful: Result $>=1$
end

### 5.21 Class $B O O L E A N \_R E F$

```
indexing
    description: "Reference class for BOOLEAN"
class interface
    BOOLEAN_REF
feature -- Access
    item: BOOLEAN
        -- Boolean value
    hash_code: INTEGER
        -- Hash code value
        -- (From HASHABLE.)
        ensure
            good_hash_value: Result >= 0
feature -- Element change
    set_item (b: BOOLEAN)
        -- Make b the associated boolean value.
    ensure
        item_set: item = b
end
```


### 5.22 Class CHARACTER_REF

```
indexing
    description: "Reference class for CHARACTER"
class interface
    CHARACTER_REF
feature -- Access
    item: CHARACTER
        -- Character value
        hash_code: INTEGER
            -- Hash code value
            -- (From HASHABLE.)
        ensure
            good_hash_value: Result >= 0
feature -- Element change
        set_item (c: CHARACTER)
            -- Make c the associated character value.
            ensure
                item_set: item = c
end
```


### 5.23 Class $D O U B L E \_R E F$

```
indexing
    description: "Reference class for DOUBLE"
class interface
    DOUBLE_REF
feature -- Access
    item: DOUBLE
        -- Double value
    hash_code: INTEGER
        -- Hash code value
        -- (From HASHABLE.)
        ensure
            good_hash_value: Result >= 0
feature -- Element change
    set_item (d: DOUBLE)
        -- Make d the associated double value.
        ensure
            item_set: item = d
end
```


### 5.24 Class $I N T E G E R \_R E F$

```
indexing
    description: "Reference class for INTEGER"
class interface
    INTEGER_REF
feature -- Access
    item: INTEGER
        -- Integer value
        hash_code: INTEGER
            -- Hash code value
            -- (From HASHABLE.)
        ensure
            good_hash_value: Result >= 0
feature -- Element change
        set_item(i:INTEGER)
            -- Make i the associated integer value.
            ensure
                item_set: item = i
end
```


### 5.25 Class $P O I N T E R \_R E F$

```
indexing
    description: "Reference class for POINTER"
class interface
    POINTER_REF
feature -- Access
    item: POINTER
        -- Pointer value
    hash_code: INTEGER
        -- Hash code value
        -- (From HASHABLE.)
        ensure
            good_hash_value: Result >= 0
feature -- Element change
    set_item (p: POINTER)
        -- Make p the associated pointer value.
        ensure
            item_set: item = p
end
```


### 5.26 Class $R E A L \_R E F$

```
indexing
    description: "Reference class for REAL"
class interface
    REAL_REF
feature -- Access
    item: REAL
        -- Real value
    hash_code: INTEGER
        -- Hash code value
        -- (From HASHABLE.)
        ensure
        good_hash_value: Result >= 0
feature -- Element change
        set_item (r: REAL)
        -- Make r the associated real value.
            ensure
                item_set: item = r
end
```


## 6 APPENDIX A: THE KERNEL STANDARDIZATION PROCESS

[This Appendix is not part of the Standard.]

### 6.1 Why plan a process?

The Eiffel Kernel Library cannot be specified for eternity. Ideas willcome up for new classes and features; ways will be found to do thingsbetter. The evolution process must be fast enough to enable Eiffel usersto benefit from this flow of ideas and avoid technical obsolescence, but orderly enough to protect their existing investments and modes of operation.

### 6.2 Cycle time

A revision every ten to fifteen years, as has occurred for programming language standards (Fortran, C and Ada are examples) is not appropriate for the Eiffel Kernel Library. It would foster complacency most of the time, and major upheavals when a revision is finally brought into effect. A yearly process, similar to the upgrading of wines, car models and stable software products, provides the right pace of change.

### 6.3 Vintages

Each revision of this Standard describes a vintage of theEiffel Library Kernel Standard. The present version is vintage 1995.

### 6.4 Yearly schedule

The following deadlines apply to year year:
6.4.1
6.4.2
6.4.3
6.4.4
6.4 .5
6.4.6

- 1 January: Vintage year takes effect.
- 1 April: first permitted date for starting discussions on Vintage year +1 in NICE's Library Committee. (1 January to 31 March is acooling-off period.)
- 1 May: first permitted date for submitting formal proposals to the Library Committee for Vintage year +1 .
- 1 July: last permitted date for submitting initial proposals for Vintage year + 1.
- 1 September: last permitted date for submitting final proposals (which may result from merging of several proposals) for Vintage year +1 .
- 1 October: last date by which the Committee may have defined Vintage year +1 . This schedule is applicable starting with vintage 96 . For the present vintage (95), the first, the date of applicability is 1 July 1995.


### 6.5 Intermediate corrections

During the time when a vintage is in effect, minor corrections may prove necessary, due for example to typographical errors in the current version of this Standard or to inconsistencies discovered by users or implementors of Eiffel. In such a case the chairman of the Library Committee of NICE may, at his discretion, submit a motion covering one or more revisions. To be approved, such motions shall require a unanimous vote of the Library Committee, with the possible exception of any member who has notified the chairman of an absence of more than one month. If approved, such a revision shall receive a revision level and shall give rise to a modified Kernel Library Standard, identified as "Vintage year Level revision_ level". The modifications shall be integrated into the following year's vintage.

### 6.6 Eiffel Kernel Supplier requirements

Any provider of an Eiffel environment must make the following information available to any NICE member:
6.7 - Vintage and revision level currently supported.

- Any features not supported. (It is not permitted to have a non-supported class.)
6.10
- List of classes needed by kernel classes, but not in the kernel, hereafter referred to as para-kernel classes.
- Full inheritance hierarchy of kernel and para-kernel classes.
6.11
- List of names of features (immediate or inherited) that appear in the provider's kernel classes but not in this Standard.


## 7 APPENDIX B: DIFFERENCES UP TO ELKS 95

[This Appendix is not part of the Standard.]
The following differences exist between this Standard and earlierpresentations of the Kernel Library:
7.1 - Addition to GENERAL of a query default which returns the default value of the type of the current object. This also addresses the need to obtain the default value for type POINTER ; for convenience, since POINTER has no manifest constant, a query default_pointer has also been included. (See page 14.)
7.3

- Adaptation of the semantics of copy and equality features (equal, is_equal and their standard_ versions) so that the result is true if and only if the objects are truly identical, and in particular have the same type. This implies a language change too; the previous definition was non-symmetric so that $a . c o p y$ (b) and equal ( $a, b$ ) only applied to the fields corresponding to the attributes of $a$ 's type. The earlier effect can still be achieved through function stripped, as explained next in 7.5. (See page 13.)
- Addition to GENERAL of a frozen feature same_type which specifies conformance both ways. Addition of the requirement that conforms_to is frozen too. (See page 13.)
- Addition of a number of assertion clauses to the features of GENERAL, in particular to specify more precisely the semantics of equality, copying, cloning and conformance.
- Addition to GENERAL of a function stripped such that $\operatorname{stripped}(a)$ is a clone of the current object limited to the fields that apply to $a$ 's dynamic type. As a result, the old semantics of copying and equality mentioned in 7.2 may now be achieved through calls such as a.copy (b.stripped (a)) and equal (a, b.stripped (a)). (See page 13.)
- Addition to GENERAL of object_id and id_object to allow unique identification of objects. (See page 13.)
- In class PLATFORM, removal of the assumption that Character_bits, Integer_ bits,Real_bits and Double_bits are constants. This does notintroduce any incompatibility with earlier uses except if they relied onthe specific numerical values. (See page 47.)
- Removal of PLATFORM from the universal inheritance hierarchy; PLATFORM is no longer a parent of $A N Y$ and hence an ancestor of every
class, and has no particular language-defined role; classes that need its facilities must name it explicitly among their proper ancestors. This is actually a language change. (See section 4.)
7.9 - Addition to PLATFORM of features Maximum_integer, Minimum_integer, Maximum_character_code and Minimum_character_code. (See page 47.)
- Addition to COMPARABLE of $\min$ and $\max$ functions and of a three-way comparison function, three_way_comparison, which returns $0,-1$ or 1 . (See page 16.)
- Addition to the arithmetic basic classes of functions abs and sign (the latter defined in terms of three_way_comparison). Addition to REAL and DOUBLE of floor, ceiling, rounded and integer_part. Addition to DOUBLE of real_ part. (See page 24 and following.)
- Addition of inheritance links making all basic classes (INTEGER and so on) heirs of HASHABLE, so that it is now possible to hash any object. (See section 4.) Removal of function is_hashable and the corresponding preconditions.
- Addition to $A R R A Y$ of features enter and entry as redefinable synonyms to put and item (or infix "@"), the latter becoming frozen. (See page 33.)
- Addition to STORABLE of a procedure independent_store which produces machine-independent representations of object structures. (See page 43.)
7.15
- Addition of a few features to class FILE describing file opening and opening modes (such as read-only or read-write). In earlier presentations the corresponding class was UNIX_FILE. The new class is very similar but removes any Unix-specific aspect. (See section 5.15.)
- Changes of names in class STD_FILES and FILE : for consistency with the usual Eiffel naming style, underscores were added and abbrevations were expanded. In the following list (which uses the order of appearance of the features in STD_FILES), the added underscores appear as * and the added letters appear in bold italics: last*character, last*double, last*real, last*integer, last*string, put*boolean, put*character, put*double, put*integer, put_new*line, put*real, put*string, read*character, read ${ }^{*}$ double, read*integer, read*line, read ${ }^{*}$ real, read*stream, read*word, to_next*line. (See sections 5.14 and 5.15.)
7.17
- Addition to EXCEPTIONS of a procedure die that terminates the execution cleanly with a given exit status, without triggering an exception. (See page 45.)
7.18
- In class STRING, replacement of the adapt function by a more convenient procedure make_from_string which descendants of the class can use to initialize a string-like object from a manifest string, as in !! t.make_from_
string ("THIS STRING"), where the type of $t$ is a descendant of STRING. (See page 35. )
- Similarly, addition to ARRAY of a procedure make_from_array allowing initialization from a manifest array, as in !! a.make_from_array ( $\langle\langle a, b, c, d\rangle\rangle$ ).
- Removal from STRING of a number of features which some committee members judged too specialized: mirror, mirrored, share, shared_with, item_ code, has, prepend, set, prune, prune_all. Renaming of replace_substring to put_substring. Removal of fill_blanks, replaced by fill (applying to an arbitrary character). Change of the result type of out to STRING (rather than like Current).


## 8 INDEX

[This Index is not part of the Standard.]

## 8.1

This Index indicates the page of definition of every class and feature appearing in the Required Flatshort Forms of section 5

## 8.2

Following the standard Eiffel conventions, feature names appear in lower-case italics and class names, when making up index entries, in UPPER-CASE ITALICS. Operator functions appear under prefix and infix; for example division appears under infix "/". This also applies to boolean operators, which appear under infix "and", infix "and then" and so on.

## 8.3

In a class entry, the class appears in UPPER-CASE ITALICS. Each reference to a feature name is followed by the name of the class or classes in which it is available, each with the corresponding page. To avoid any confusion with occurrences of the class name in its other role - as an index entry pointing to the beginning of the class specification - the class name in this case appears in UPPER-CASE ROMAN.
(ELKS 98 note: FrameMaker 5.5 acts so strange the font conventions don't hold any more. I have no idea what's going on and have written to Frame customer support in the hope it is not yet another bug of the new release but something stupid I am doing.)
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